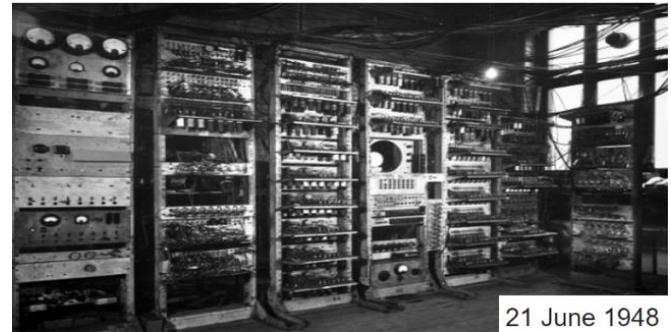


Previous knowledge: What should I already know?

- How people’s lives have shaped this nation and how Britain has influenced and been influenced by the wider world.
- A significant turning point in British history, for example, the first railways or the Battle of Britain.
- Understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sources.

Important Figures/Events.

‘The Manchester Baby’



21 June 1948

The first programmable computer was created at Manchester University on the 21st June, 1948. It was created by Frederick Williams and Tom Kilburn.

It was the world’s first computer to run a program stored in its memory. This had never been done before.

Key facts / information.

Where and when was Manchester founded?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Manchester began when a wooden fort was built by the Romans, one mile from Manchester Cathedral. • The fort was rebuilt in stone around 200AD. • Soon a civilian settlement grew around the fort.
What was industrial revolution?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When British people moved from living in small towns and villages (on farms) to huge cities where they worked in factories.
How has Manchester changed history?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In 1888, the Football League was created in Manchester. • In 1948, the NHS opened its first hospital in Manchester. • In 1948, the first programmable computer was created in the University of Manchester.

Key knowledge: What I should know by the end of the unit?

- Where and when Manchester was formed.
- What was the industrial revolution.
- Why Manchester was important to the industrial revolution.
- How Manchester has changed history.

Key vocabulary

- **Industrial** = life in cities centered about mass production.
- **Revolution** = a huge change, that affects many things in society.
- **Industrial Revolution** = When people moved from living in small towns and villages (on farms) to huge cities where they worked in factories.
- **Rural** = relates to the countryside.
- **Urban** = relates to a large town or city.
- **Urbanisation** = process of changing an area to become more urban.

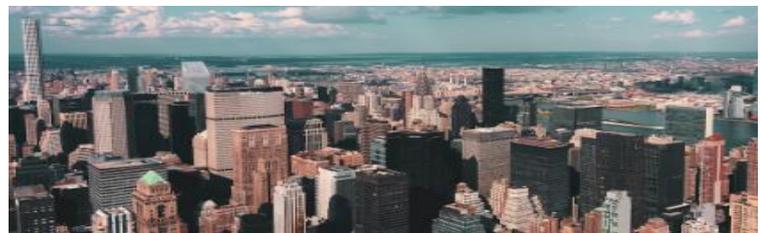
Industrial Revolution:



Rural:



Urban:



	End of unit
Question 1: When and where was Manchester founded?	
Question 2: What was the industrial revolution?	
Question 3: How did the industrial revolution change people's lives?	
Question 4: What were the conditions like in the factories?	
Question 5: What jobs did children have in the factories?	
Question 6: What was the 'Manchester Baby'?	
Question 7: What else has been invented in Manchester?	
Question 8: Can you name a famous person from Manchester?	